

WOOD BUILDER MANUFACTURING COMPANY

INFORMATION SECURITY POLICY

Table of Contents

SECTION 1	
(POLICY STRUCTURE)	
1.1 PURPOSE	
1.2 SCOPE	5
1.3 OVERVIEW	5
1.4 POLICY COMPLIANCE	6
1.5. APPLICABILITY	6
SECTION 2	,
(END-USER INFORMATION SECURITY POLICY)	
END-USER INFORMATION SECURITY POLICY	8
2.1 USER ACCEPTABLE USE POLICY	8
2.1.1 USER ACCEPTABLE USE STANDARD	8
2.2 USER SECURITY AWARENESS POLICY	g
2.2.1 USER SECURITY AWARENESS STANDARD	g
2.3 USER ACCESS POLICY	10
2.3.1 User Access Standard	10
2.4 USER SEPARATION OF DUTIES POLICY	11
2.4.1 User Separation of Duties Standard	11
2.5 USER MALWARE MANAGEMENT POLICY	11
2.5.1 USER MALWARE MANAGEMENT STANDARD	12
2.6 PERSONNEL SECURITY POLICY	12
2.6.1 PERSONNEL SECURITY STANDARD.	12
(INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY SECURITY POLICY)	13
3.1 IT RESILIENCY MANAGEMENT POLICY	14
3.1.1 IT RESILIENCY STANDARD	14
3.2 IT ASSET MANAGEMENT POLICY	14
3.2.1 IT Asset Management Standard	15
3.3 IT APPLICATION SECURITY POLICY	15
3.3.1 IT Application Security Standard	16
3.4 IT NETWORK SECURITY POLICY	16
3.4.1 IT NETWORK SECURITY STANDARD	17
3.5 IT LOGGING AND SYSTEM MONITORING POLICY	17
3.5.1 IT LOGGING AND SYSTEM MONITORING STANDARD	17
3.6 IT SECURITY INCIDENT MANAGEMENT POLICY	18
3.6.1 IT INCIDENT MANAGEMENT STANDARD	19

3.7 IT VULNERABILITY MANAGEMENT POLICY	19
3.7.1 IT VULNERABILITY MANAGEMENT STANDARD	19
3.8 IT CHANGE MANAGEMENT POLICY	20
3.8.1 IT CHANGE MANAGEMENT STANDARD	20
3.9 IT RISK MANAGEMENT POLICY	21
3.9.1 IT RISK MANAGEMENT STANDARD	
3.10 IT VENDOR RISK MANAGEMENT POLICY	22
3.10.1 IT VENDOR RISK MANAGEMENT STANDARD	22
3.11 IT MEDIA SANITIZATION POLICY	
3.11.1 IT Media Sanitation Standard	23
3.12 IT LOGICAL ACCESS POLICY	23
3.12.1 IT LOGICAL ACCESS STANDARD	24
3.13 IT PASSWORD POLICY	
3.13.1 IT Password Policy Standard	25
3.14 IT EQUIPMENT SECURITY POLICY	25
3.14.1 IT EQUIPMENT STANDARD	25
3.15 IT ENCRYPTION POLICY	26
3.15.1 IT ENCRYPTION STANDARD	26
3.16 IT EXCEPTION POLICY	
3.16.1 IT POLICY EXCEPTION STANDARD	27
3.17 IT DATA CLASSIFICATION POLICY	28
3.17.1 IT DATA CLASSIFICATION STANDARD	28
3.18 IT SYSTEM AND SERVICES ACQUISITION POLICY	28
3.18.1 IT System and Services Acquisition Standard	29
3.19 IT MALWARE MANAGEMENT POLICY	30
3 19 1 IT May ware Management Standard	30

Document Information

1.1. Document Change History

DATE	VERSION NUMBER	AUTHOR(S)	REVISION NOTES	SECTION ID EDITED
				,0
			•	

1.2. Document Approval Matrix

NAME	ROLE	SIGNATURE	DATE

SECTION 1

(POLICY STRUCTURE)

1.1 PURPOSE

The purpose of this Information Security Policy is to implement security controls that assist [COMPANY] in protecting its information, and to enable the business to deliver on stated objectives and empower the way in which [COMPANY] operates through information security governance, controls, and effective risk management.

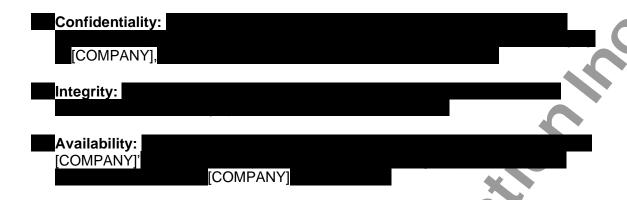
1.2 SCOPE

The [COMPANY] Information Security Policy has been established to protect all information assets, including, but not limited to; paper records, computers including all digitalized information, mobile devices, and network infrastructure components that are owned, leased, or otherwise held, controlled and/or used by [COMPANY]' personnel. This includes, but is not limited to, all corporate information systems facilities, telephone network components and supporting systems, communications networks, and the information stored on, transmitted by and/or processed in these facilities. This policy's requirements apply to all information owned or managed by [COMPANY] no matter its form or location. The policy applies to all directors, officers, employees, contractors, and temporary workers ("personnel") of [COMPANY], its wholly owned and partially- owned subsidiaries and affiliates using its technology assets (collectively, "[COMPANY]"), as well as any parties that interact with, access, or store [COMPANY] information assets.

1.3 OVERVIEW

The policy is designed to (1) ensure the security and confidentiality of information assets, (2) protect against any anticipated threats, known cyberattacks, detected malicious activities or hazards to the security or integrity of information assets, (3) protect against unauthorized access to or use of information assets and computer resources that could result in substantial harm of inconvenience to any customer, employee, or non-employee, and (4) the policy is aligned and meeting the data protection regulatory and compliance requirements for all jurisdictions where it operates.

This policy outlines the process for protecting the confidentiality, availability, and integrity of our information. [COMPANY] defines information as "data associated with meaning and purpose" and information protection incorporates the following criteria:



1.4 POLICY COMPLIANCE

The Director, CISO of Cyber & Information Security, will verify compliance to this policy through various methods, including but not limited to, business tool reports, internal and external audits, security assessments and feedback to the policy owner.

1.4.1 Non-Compliance

Violators of this policy will be subject to disciplinary action up to and including termination of employment. All personnel are required to report any known or suspected policy violation(s) to their manager and/or the Cyber & Information Security Team immediately.

1.4.2 Policy Exceptions

Due to special circumstances, there may be cases where compliance cannot be achieved for reasons beyond [COMPANY]' control. In such cases, an exception to [COMPANY] Information Security Policy, <u>must be requested and submitted by following the organization's</u> Policy Exception Standard. For specific details, please refer to the Policy Exception Standard located on page 27.

1.5. APPLICABILITY

This policy is applicable to all [COMPANY]' sectors.



SECTION 2

(END-USER INFORMATION SECURITY POLICY)

ALL EMPLOYEES/NON-EMPLOYEES

Scope:

The following policies and standards outlined below apply to all of [COMPANY]' employees, IT contractors, third-party vendors and business partners that have system access to the organization's network and information assets

Policy Name	Page #
2.1 USER ACCEPTABLE USE POLICY	Page 8
2.2 USER SECURITY AWARENESS POLICY	Page 9
2.3 USER ACCESS POLICY	Page 10
2.4 USER SEPARATION OF DUTIES POLICY	Page 11
2.5 USER MALWARE MANAGEMENT POLICY	Page 11
2.6 PERSONNEL SECURITY POLICY	Page 12

END-USER INFORMATION SECURITY POLICY

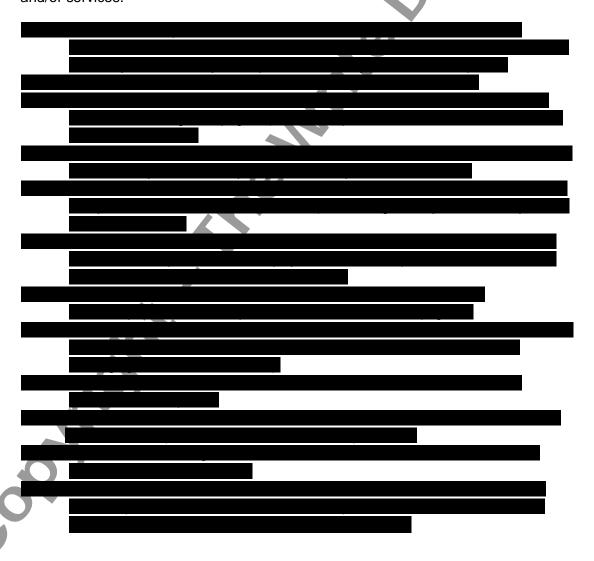
2.1 USER ACCEPTABLE USE POLICY

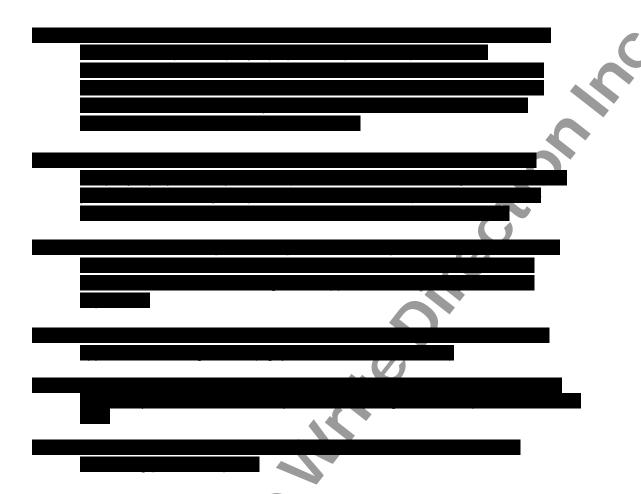
Users shall not use, or assist anyone else to use, [COMPANY]' computer resources to perform actions that are reasonably determined by [COMPANY] to be a violation of generally accepted standards of corporate usage.

2.1.1 User Acceptable Use Standard:

Objective:

The purpose of this standard is to outline the acceptable use of computer equipment at [COMPANY]. These standards are in place to protect the employee and [COMPANY]. Inappropriate use exposes [COMPANY] to risks including malware attacks, legal liability, data loss, and compromise of the organization's network systems, business processes and/or services.





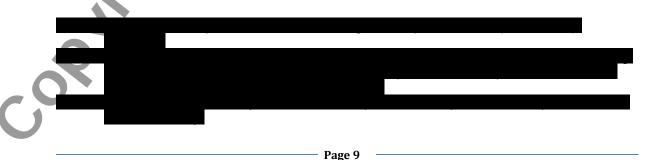
2.2 USER SECURITY AWARENESS POLICY

All [COMPANY]' employees, and where relevant [COMPANY]' non- employees, must be provided and complete information security training on a regular basis, no less than annually.

2.2.1 User Security Awareness Standard:

Objective:

The objective of this standard is to reduce the potential risks to [COMPANY]' information assets, by ensuring all personnel that have access to [COMPANY]' information assets understand their roles and responsibilities as it relates to protecting [COMPANY]' critical data and information.





2.3 USER ACCESS POLICY

[COMPANY] must restrict logical access to only authorized users that require system access to the organization's information assets including, but not limited to computer systems, applications, network devices, end-user devices and third-party cloud solutions. [COMPANY] must have an access control process established, documented and reviewed based on business and information security requirements.

2.3.1 User Access Standard:

Objective:

The purpose of this standard is to provide the security requirements and measurements designed to restrict system access to authorized parties (all personnel), in order to protect customer and business data, the organization's information assets, ensure compliance with relevant statutory, security practices and data privacy regulations.





2.4 USER SEPARATION OF DUTIES POLICY

Business functions within [COMPANY] must be appropriately segregated under separate roles, and these roles must be allocated to personnel based on their job responsibilities. Conflicting duties and areas of responsibility should be segregated to reduce opportunities for unauthorized, unintentional modification or misuse of the organization's assets.

2.4.1 User Separation of Duties Standard:

Objective:

The purpose of this standard is to provide appropriate security and business measurements that will prevent and mitigate the risk as it relates conflict of interest, wrongful acts (e.g., fraud), abuse/errors, and ensure compliance with relevant statutory, security practices and data privacy regulations.



2.5 USER MALWARE MANAGEMENT POLICY

The need for malware management is to reduce the potential risks to [COMPANY]' information assets, by protecting the software, hardware and data that could be vulnerable to the introduction of malicious code. Therefore, all [COMPANY] personnel must complete their security/awareness training as it relates to understanding their roles and responsibilities, and the various steps required to help mitigate the risks and threats surrounding malware attacks (e.g., phishing emails, ransomware, etc.) against [COMPANY]' network and computer systems.

2.5.1 User Malware Management Standard:

Objective:

Reduce the potential risks to [COMPANY]' information assets, by protecting the software hardware and data that could be vulnerable to the introduction of malicious code.



2.6 PERSONNEL SECURITY POLICY

Policy:

In order to effectively manage [COMPANY]' personnel risks, all personnel management policies must adhere to the personnel security standards, all personnel security standards and procedures will be reviewed and approved with respect to risk assessments and events that may precipitate an update to personnel security policy and procedures. Such events include, without limitation, assessment or audit findings, security incidents or breaches, or changes in applicable laws, executive orders, directives, regulations, policies, standards, and guidelines, and the standards.

2.6.1 Personnel Security Standard:

Objective:

The objective of this standard is to reduce the business risks associated with effective personnel security measures, by setting forth the standards and procedures to identify, properly screen personnel, assign and review the appropriate personnel to designated business functions given the reviews and risk assessments related to those functions as identified by the organization.



SECTION 3

(INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY SECURITY POLICY)

IT EMPLOYEES/NON-EMPLOYEES ONLY

Scope:

The following policies and standards outlined below apply to all of [COMPANY]' information technology employees, IT contractors, third-party IT vendors that have system access to the organization's network and information assets.

Policy Name	Page #
3.1 IT RESILIENCY MANAGEMENT POLICY	14
3.2 IT ASSET MANAGEMENT POLICY	14
3.3 IT APPLICATION SECURITY POLICY	15
3.4 IT NETWORK SECURITY POLICY	16
3.5 IT LOGGING AND SYSTEM MONITORING POLICY	17
3.6 IT SECURITY INCIDENT MANAGEMENT POLICY	18
3.7 IT VULNERABILITY MANAGEMENT POLICY	19
3.8 IT CHANGE MANAGEMENT POLICY	20
3.9 IT RISK MANAGEMENT POLICY	21
3.10 IT VENDOR RISK MANAGEMENT POLICY	22
3.11 IT MEDIA SANITIZATION POLICY	23
3.12 IT LOGICAL ACCESS POLICY	23
3.13 IT PASSWORD POLICY	25
3.14 IT EQUIPMENT SECURITY POLICY	25
3.15 IT ENCRYPTION POLICY	26
3.16 IT EXCEPTION POLICY	27
3.17 IT DATA CLASSIFICATION POLICY	28
3.18 IT SYSTEM AND SERVICES ACQUISITION POLICY	29
3.19 IT MALWARE MANAGEMENT POLICY	30

3.1 IT RESILIENCY MANAGEMENT POLICY

Policy:

[COMPANY] must include information security requirements for roles and responsibilities, technical requirements, and impact analyses as part of the business resiliency program for maintaining business functions when systems or processes are compromised.

3.1.1 IT Resiliency Standard:

Objective:

The objective of this standard is to ensure the resiliency program has the ability to minimize negative impacts to [COMPANY]' information assets and maintain the organization's critical business processes until regular operating conditions are restored.



3.2 IT ASSET MANAGEMENT POLICY

Policy:

Where appropriate, an inventory of all [COMPANY]' IT assets (e.g., hardware and software) both internal and external must be identified, maintained and updated periodically on an annual basis. Information asset classification must be established based on the potential risk and harm to our customers, business partners and the organization.

3.2.1 IT Asset Management Standard:

Objective:

The objective of this standard is to reduce the potential risks to [COMPANY]' information assets, by maintaining the appropriate inventory of [COMPANY]' business application's, servers, network hardware and devices, end-user devices (e.g., laptops and smart phones), and SaaS solutions, to ensure the information assets are protected, while having the ability to plan and execute system backup, recovery and incident response.



3.3 IT APPLICATION SECURITY POLICY

Policy:

Access to High and Moderate Disclosure Risk information and data (e.g., PII) must be controlled in all production, test and cloud/SaaS environments by the established application security standards. Information security requirements must be included for system acquisition, development and maintenance.

3.3.1 IT Application Security Standard:

Objective:

The objective of this standard is to reduce the potential risks to [COMPANY] information assets, by ensuring the data confidentiality, integrity and availability to all internal and external hosted [COMPANY] applications.



3.4 IT NETWORK SECURITY POLICY

Policy:

All network and infrastructure devices that store, process and communicate [COMPANY]' data and information must have security controls in place, with the ability to detect and prevent security incidents, as well as having the ability to respond and recover from a security incident.

3.4.1 IT Network Security Standard:

Objective:

The objective of this standard is to ensure the protection of [COMPANY]' information and data that is created, processed, accessed and stored within [COMPANY]' network infrastructure.



3.5 IT LOGGING AND SYSTEM MONITORING POLICY

Policy:

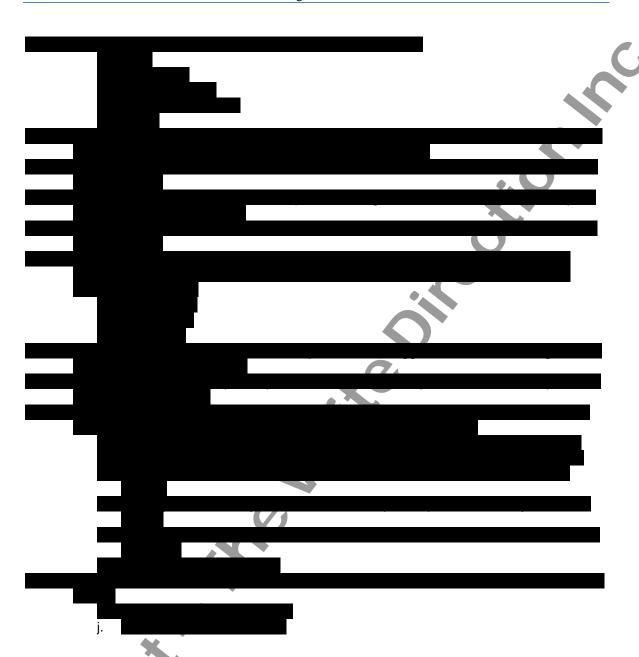
Where appropriate, business critical IT systems must have ongoing system monitoring in place to collect system and security logs with the ability to produce audit logs of system and user activities, events and potential security incidents.

3.5.1 IT Logging and System Monitoring Standard:

Objective:

The objective of this standard is to detect any malicious system activities or events that could potentially impact the protection of [COMPANY]' data and information.





3.6 IT SECURITY INCIDENT MANAGEMENT POLICY

Policy:

An Information Security Incident Plan must be in place, to detect, prevent, and respond to system related security events that could be potentially malicious, in order to reduce the negative impact and damages to [COMPANY].

3.6.1 IT Incident Management Standard:

Objective:

The objective of this standard is to reduce the potential risks to [COMPANY]' information assets, by ensuring IT security events are captured and remediated in a timely manner.



3.7 IT VULNERABILITY MANAGEMENT POLICY

Policy:

An ongoing technical vulnerability assessment and remediation process must be defined, documented and implemented for all information assets that are considered business critical to the organization or which contain, access and/or transport sensitive information.

3.7.1 IT Vulnerability Management Standard:

Objective:

The objective of this standard is to reduce the potential risks to [COMPANY]' information assets, by conducting ongoing technical vulnerability assessments and exposing the various system vulnerabilities that could impact the confidentiality, integrity and availability of [COMPANY]' information assets.





3.8 IT CHANGE MANAGEMENT POLICY

Policy:

All IT system changes must be controlled and follow the required standards as they relate to the business need, appropriate testing and approvals.

3.8.1 IT Change Management Standard:

Objective:

The objective of this standard is to reduce the risks in terms of unauthorized and unplanned changes made within the IT environment, which could impact the system's availability and interrupt services to the business.



3.9 IT RISK MANAGEMENT POLICY

Policy:

[COMPANY] must identify reasonably foreseeable internal and external threats that could result in unauthorized disclosure, misuse, alteration, or destruction of information assets and computer resources. [COMPANY] must assess the likelihood and potential damage of these threats, taking into consideration the sensitivity of information assets, and assess the effectiveness of the organization's policies, procedures, controls and other arrangements in place to control risks.

3.9.1 IT Risk Management Standard:

Objective:

The objective of this standard is to reduce the potential risks to [COMPANY]' information assets, by ensuring a process is in place to continuously monitor, identify and mitigate cyber security risks to an acceptable level.



3.10 IT VENDOR RISK MANAGEMENT POLICY

Policy:

To ensure the appropriate security of information assets or computer systems accessed by third-party business partners (including external suppliers and service providers), the organization requires that personnel who engage with such third parties must ensure that such third parties adhere to the Information Security Third Party Standard.

3.10.1 IT Vendor Risk Management Standard:

Objective:

The objective of this standard is to reduce the potential risks to [COMPANY]' information assets, by ensuring the proper process is in place to maintain and implement the appropriate level of information security and service delivery.





3.11 IT MEDIA SANITIZATION POLICY

Policy:

[COMPANY] must sanitize all media, paper media, removable media, business mobile computing devices, and information assets prior to disposal, release outside of organizational control, or release for reuse in order to render confidential data permanently non-retrievable by any means:

3.11.1 IT Media Sanitation Standard:

Objective:

The objective of this standard is to reduce the potential risks to [COMPANY]' information assets, by ensuring all obsolete media containing [COMPANY] sensitive data and information is properly disposed of and/or destroyed.



3.12 IT LOGICAL ACCESS POLICY

Policy:

Access control process must be established, documented and reviewed based on business and security requirements to ensure the proper authorization, modification, revocation of access rights, removal of user accounts, access reviews and user activity monitoring to all [COMPANY] critical business systems are in place.

3.12.1 IT Logical Access Standard:

Objective:

The objective of this standard is to reduce the potential risks to [COMPANY]' information assets, by ensuring the assets are secured and protected in terms of managing and executing all system access control tasks consistently and effectively by each information asset custodian.



3.13 IT PASSWORD POLICY

Policy:

All user and system accounts that have access to [COMPANY]' information systems must be adherent to the following password standards.

3.13.1 IT Password Policy Standard:

Objective:

The objective of this standard is to reduce the potential risks to [COMPANY]' information assets, by ensuring the assets are secured and protected in terms of managing and executing all system access control tasks consistently and effectively by each information asset custodian.



3.14 IT EQUIPMENT SECURITY POLICY

Policy:

Security perimeters must be in place to protect areas (e.g., server room, data center) that contain information and [COMPANY]' information systems.

3.14.1 IT Equipment Standard:

Objective:

The objective of this standard is to prevent unauthorized physical access, damage and interference to [COMPANY]' information systems and assets.





3.15 IT ENCRYPTION POLICY

Policy:

Where appropriate, all databases, laptops, desktops, servers and mobile devices that store or transfer confidential data and information (i.e., data classified as High or Medium Disclosure Risk) must have the following encryption standards in place.

3.15.1 IT Encryption Standard:

Objective:

The objective of this standard is to reduce the potential risks to [COMPANY]' information assets, by protecting [COMPANY]' critical data and information via cryptographic means





3.16 IT EXCEPTION POLICY

Policy:

All IT policy exception requests must be captured, reviewed and documented via the organization's Policy Exception Standard, with specific details regarding the mitigating factors and compensating controls that will be used to offset the security risk.

3.16.1 IT Policy Exception Standard

<u>Objective:</u>
Due to special circumstances that require deviations from this policy, an exception standard was developed for users to submit, justify and manage their policy exception request.





3.17 IT DATA CLASSIFICATION POLICY

Policy:

In order to effectively secure [COMPANY]' digital data, a classification of each information asset or group of assets must be classified in accordance with the classifications as defined by the organization's classification categories. For addition information, please refer to the Data Classification Grid located on page 31.

3.17.1 IT Data Classification Standards

Objective:

The objective of this standard is to ensure that all of [COMPANY]'s valuable information assets that process, store and transmit digital data both internally and externally are accurately identified, and have the required safeguards in place to mitigate the risks as it relates to regulatory compliance and/or data that could potentially be compromised or leaked.



3.18 IT SYSTEM AND SERVICES ACQUISITION POLICY

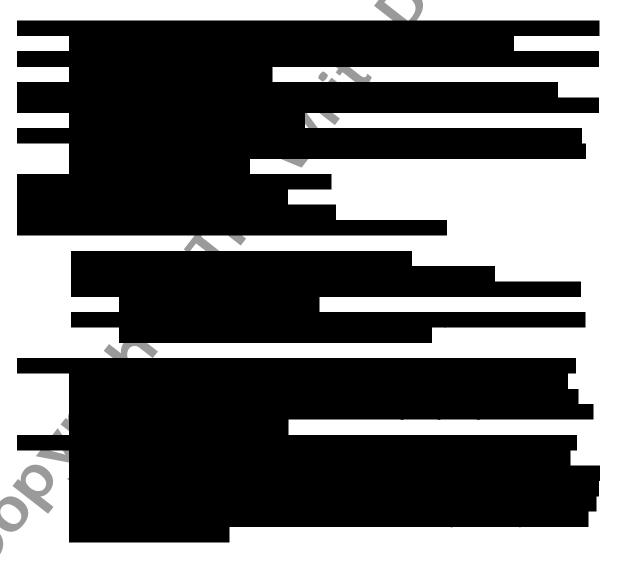
Policy:

In order to effectively manage [COMPANY]' systems and technology acquisition risks, all systems and services must adhere to the acquisition standards set forth in Appendix B. Further, all systems acquisitions will be reviewed and approved with respect to consistency with applicable laws, executive orders, directives, regulations, policies, standards, and guidelines; and standards.

3.18.1 IT System and Services Acquisition Standard

Objective:

The objective of this standard is to ensure that the acquisition of systems and services or the components of systems and services do not create unnecessary or exposure to internal and external threat vulnerabilities.





3.19 IT MALWARE MANAGEMENT POLICY

The need for malware management is to reduce the potential risks to [COMPANY]' information assets, by protecting the software, hardware and data that could be vulnerable to the introduction of malicious code. Therefore, where applicable all IT systems, network devices, etc. within [COMPANY] must have malware protection enabled, updated, and monitored at all times.

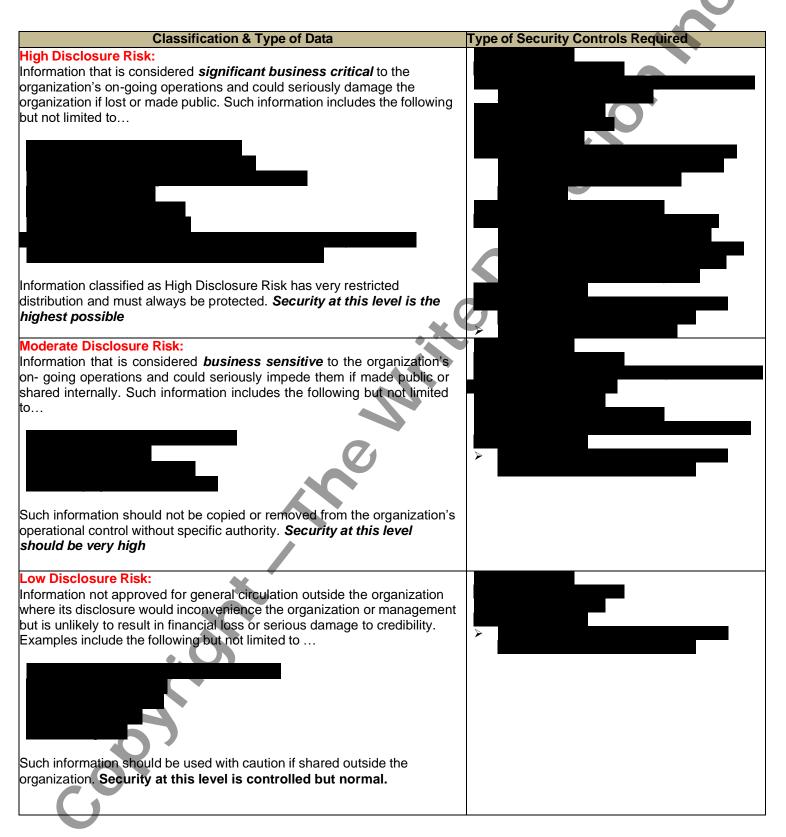
3.19.1 IT Malware Management Standard:

Objective:

The objective of this standard is to reduce the potential risks to [COMPANY] information assets, by protecting the software, hardware and data that could be vulnerable to the introduction of malicious code.



APPENDIX A CLASSIFICATION AND TYPE OF DATA GRID



APPENDIX B SECURITY POLICIES AND NIST STANDARD MAPPING

NIST CSF	NIST CSF	NIST CSF	Policy#	Page #
FUNCTION	Category	Sub Category		
IDENTIFY (ID)	Asset Management (ID.AM)	ID.AM-1:	3.2	14
		Physical devices and systems within the		
		organization are inventoried		
		ID.AM-2:	3.2	14
		Software platforms and applications within		
		the organization are inventoried		
		ID.AM-5:	3.2	14
		Resources (e.g., hardware, devices, data,		
		time, personnel, and software) are prioritized		
		based on their classification, criticality, and business value		
		ID.AM-6:	3.10	22
		Cybersecurity roles and responsibilities for		
		the entire workforce and third-party		
		stakeholders (e.g., suppliers, customers,		
		partners) are established		
		ID.BE-1:	3.10	22
		The organization's role in the supply chain is		
		identified and communicated		
		ID.BE-5.	3.1	12
		Resilience requirements to support delivery		
		of critical services are established for all		
	(17.010	operating states (e.g. under duress/attack,	4.0	
	Governance (ID.GV)	ID.GV-1:	1.2	5
		Organizational cybersecurity policy is established and communicated		
		established and communicated		
		ID.GV-3:	1.3	5
		Legal and regulatory requirements regarding		
	***	cybersecurity, including privacy and civil		
		liberties obligations, are understood and		
		managed		
		ID.GV-4:	3.9	21
	•, (5)	Governance and risk management processes address cybersecurity risks		
		addless cyperseculty fisks		
	Risk Assessment (ID.RA)	ID.RA-1:	3.9	21
	The trade desired in the state of the state	Asset vulnerabilities are identified and	0.0	
		documented		
The second secon	J -	ID.RA-2:	3.9	21
		Cyber threat intelligence is received from information sharing forums and sources		
	, i	information sharing forums and sources		
		1		

		ID.RA-3: Threats, both internal and external, are identified and documented	3.9	21
		ID.RA-4: Potential business impacts and likelihoods are identified	3.9	21
		ID.RA-5: Threats, vulnerabilities, likelihoods, and impacts are used to determine risk	3.9	21
		ID.RA-6: Risk responses are identified and prioritized	3.9	21
	Risk Management Strategy (ID.RM)	ID.RM-1: Risk management processes are established, managed, and agreed to by organizational stakeholders	3.9	21
	Supply Chain Risk Management (ID.SC)	ID.SC-1: Cyber supply chain risk management processes are identified, established, assessed, managed, and agreed to by organizational stakeholders	3.10	20
		ID.SC-2: Suppliers and third-party partners of information systems, components, and services are identified, prioritized, and assessed using a cyber supply chain risk assessment process	3.10	22
		ID.SC-3: Contracts with suppliers and third-party partners are used to implement appropriate measures designed to meet the objectives of an organization's cybersecurity program and Cyber Supply Chain Risk Management Plan.	3.10	22
		ID.SC-4: Suppliers and third-party partners are routinely assessed using audits, test results, or other forms of evaluations to confirm they are meeting their contractual obligations	3.10	22
PROTECT (PR)	Identity Management (PR.AC)	PR.AC-1: Identities and credentials are issued, managed, verified, revoked, and audited for authorized devices, users and processes	3.12	23
	55	PR.AC-2: Physical access to assets is managed and protected	3.14	25

			1	
		PR.AC-3:	3.12	23
		Remote access is managed		
		PR.AC-4:	3.12	23
		Access permissions and authorizations are		
		managed, incorporating the principles of least		
		privilege and separation of duties		
		PR.AC-6:	3.13	23
		Identities are proofed and bound to		
		credentials and asserted in interactions		
		PR.AC-7:	3.13	25
		Users, devices, and other assets are		
		authenticated (e.g., single-factor, multifactor)		
		commensurate with the risk of the transaction		
		(e.g., individuals' security and privacy risks		
		and other organizational risks)		
Awa		PR.AT-1:	2.2	9
	5 ()	All users are informed and trained		
		PR.AT-2:	2.2	9
		Privileged users understand their roles and		
		responsibilities		
		respondibiliace		
		PR.AT-4:	2.2	9
		Senior executives understand their roles and	2.2	
		responsibilities		
		PR.AT-5:	2.2	9
		Physical and cybersecurity personnel		
		understand their roles and responsibilities		
	•	and responsibilities		
Data	a Security (PR.DS)	PR.DS-1:	3.12	23
Jana		Data-at-rest is protected	3.15	26
			3.19	30
	. (7)			- 50
		PR.DS-2:	3.12	23
		Data-in-transit is protected	3.15	26
		Data III transit is protostou	3.19	30
			0.10	- 50
			<u> </u>	

PR.DS-3: Assets are formally managed throughout removal, transfers, and disposition PR.DS-5: Protections against data leaks are implemented PR.IP-2: Processes and Procedures (PR.IP) PR.IP-4: Backups of information age conducted, maintained, and tested PR.IP-6: Data is destroyed according to policy PR.IP-7: Protection processes are improved PR.IP-9: Refer to the Data is destroyed according to policy PR.IP-7: Protection processes are improved PR.IP-9: Refer to the Data is destroyed according to policy PR.IP-9: Refer to the Data is destroyed according to policy PR.IP-10: Response plans (Incident Response and Business Continuity) and recovery plans (Incident Recovery and Disaster Recovery) are in place and managed PR.IP-10: Response and recovery plans are tested PR.IP-11: Cybersecurity is included in human resources practices (e.g., deprovisioning, personnel screening) Maintenance/Ghange Management (PR.MA) PR.MA-1: Remote maintenance of organizational assets are performed and logged, with approved and controlled tools PR.MA-2: Remote maintenance of organizational assets is approved, logged, and performed in a manner that prevents unauthorized access		1	T .	
Information Protection Policies, Processes and Procedures (PR.IP) PR.IP-2: Backups of information are conducted, maintained, and tested PR.IP-3: Protection ploicy PR.IP-2: Data is destroyed according to policy PR.IP-3: Protection ploicesses are improved PR.IP-3: Protection ploicesses are improved PR.IP-3: Protection ploicesses are improved PR.IP-9: Response plans (Incident Response and Business Continuity) and recovery plans (Incident Recovery) are in place and managed PR.IP-10: Response and recovery plans are tested PR.IP-10: Response and recovery plans are tested Maintenance/Change Management (PR.MA) Maintenance/Change Management (PR.MA) PR.MA-1: Remote maintenance of organizational assets as porrowed, logged, and performed in			3.2	23
Information Protection Policies, Processes and Procedures (PR.IP) PR.IP-2: A System Development Life Cycle to manage systems is implemented PR.IP-4: Backups of information are conducted, maintained, and tested PR.IP-6: Data is destroyed according to policy PR.IP-7: Protection processes are improved PR.IP-7: Protection processes are improved PR.IP-9: Response plans (Incident Response and Business Continuity) and recovery plans (Incident Response and Business Continuity) and recovery plans (Incident Response and Response Response Response Response and Response Re				
Information Protection Policies, Processes and Procedures (PR.IP) A System Development Life Cycle to manage systems is implemented PR.IP-4: Backups of information are denducted, maintained, and tested PR.IP-4: Data is destroyed according to policy PR.IP-7: Protection processes are improved PR.IP-7: Protection processes are improved PR.IP-9: Résponse plans (Incident Response and Business Continuity) and recovery plans (Incident Recovery are in place and managed PR.IP-10: Response and recovery plans are tested PR.IP-10: Response and recovery plans are tested Maintenance/Change Management (PR.MA) PR.MA-1: Maintenance and repair of organizational assets are performed and logged, with approved and controlled tools PR.MA-2: Remote maintenance of organizational assets is approved, logged, and performed in		lemoval, transfers, and disposition		
Information Protection Policies, Processes and Procedures (PR.IP) A System Development Life Cycle to manage systems is implemented PR.IP-4: Backups of information are denducted, maintained, and tested PR.IP-4: Data is destroyed according to policy PR.IP-7: Protection processes are improved PR.IP-7: Protection processes are improved PR.IP-9: Résponse plans (Incident Response and Business Continuity) and recovery plans (Incident Recovery are in place and managed PR.IP-10: Response and recovery plans are tested PR.IP-10: Response and recovery plans are tested Maintenance/Change Management (PR.MA) PR.MA-1: Maintenance and repair of organizational assets are performed and logged, with approved and controlled tools PR.MA-2: Remote maintenance of organizational assets is approved, logged, and performed in				Ť
Information Protection Policies, Processes and Procedures (PR.IP) A System Development Life Cycle to manage systems is implemented PR.IP-4: Backups of information are denducted, maintained, and tested PR.IP-4: Data is destroyed according to policy PR.IP-7: Protection processes are improved PR.IP-7: Protection processes are improved PR.IP-9: Résponse plans (Incident Response and Business Continuity) and recovery plans (Incident Recovery are in place and managed PR.IP-10: Response and recovery plans are tested PR.IP-10: Response and recovery plans are tested Maintenance/Change Management (PR.MA) PR.MA-1: Maintenance and repair of organizational assets are performed and logged, with approved and controlled tools PR.MA-2: Remote maintenance of organizational assets is approved, logged, and performed in		PR.DS-5:	3.5	26
Information Protection Policies, Processes and Procedures (PR.IP) PR.IP-2: A System Development Life Cycle to manage systems is implemented PR.IP-4: Backups of information are denducted, maintained, and tested PR.IP-6: Data is destroyed according to policy PR.IP-7: Protection processes are improved PR.IP-9: Refer to the Corporate Data Retention Policy PR.IP-7: Protection processes are improved PR.IP-9: Response plans (Incident Response and Business Continuity) and recovery plans (Incident Recovery) are in place and managed PR.IP-10: Response and recovery plans are tested PR.IP-11: Cybersecurity is included in human resources practices (e.g., deprovisioning, personnel screening) Maintenance/Change Management (PR.MA) PR.MA-1: Maintenance and repair of organizational assets are performed and logged, with approved and controlled tools PR.MA-2: Remote maintenance of organizational assets is approved, logged, and performed in				
PR.IP-9: Refer to the Corporate Data is destroyed according to policy PR.IP-9: Protection processes are improved PR.IP-9: Refer to the Corporate Data Retention Policy PR.IP-9: Referonse Corporate Data Retention Policy PR.IP-1: Cybersecurity is included in human resources practices (e.g., deprovisioning, personnel screening) Maintenance/Change Management (PR.MA) PR.MA-1: Maintenance and repair of organizational assets are performed and logged, with approved and controlled tools PR.MA-2: Remote maintenance of organizational assets is approved, logged, and performed in				
Processes and Procedures (PR.IP) A System Development Life Cycle to manage systems is implemented PR.IP-4: Backups of information age conducted, maintained, and tested PR.IP-6: Data is destroyed according to policy PR.IP-7: Protection processes are improved PR.IP-9: Refsonse plans (Incident Response and Business Continuity) and recovery plans (Incident Recovery and Disaster Recovery) are in place and managed PR.IP-11: Cybersecurity is included in human resources practices (e.g., deprovisioning, personnel screening) Maintenance/Change Management (PR.MA) PR.MA-1: Maintenance and repair of organizational assets are performed and logged, with approved and controlled tools PR.MA-2: Remote maintenance of organizational assets is approved, logged, and performed in				
PR.IP-9: Refer to the Corporate Data is destroyed according to policy PR.IP-9: Protection processes are improved PR.IP-9: Refer to the Corporate Data Retention Policy PR.IP-9: Referonse Corporate Data Retention Policy PR.IP-1: Cybersecurity is included in human resources practices (e.g., deprovisioning, personnel screening) Maintenance/Change Management (PR.MA) PR.MA-1: Maintenance and repair of organizational assets are performed and logged, with approved and controlled tools PR.MA-2: Remote maintenance of organizational assets is approved, logged, and performed in				
PR.IP-4: Backups of information are conducted, maintained, and tested PR.IP-6: Data is destroyed according to policy PR.IP-7: Protection processes are improved PR.IP-9: Response plans (Incident Response and Business Continuity) and recovery plans (Incident Recovery and Disaster Recovery) are in place and managed PR.IP-10: Response and recovery plans are tested PR.IP-11: Cybersecurity is included in human resources practices (e.g., deprovisioning, personnel screening) Maintenance/Ghange Management (PR.MA) Maintenance and repair of organizational assets are performed and logged, with approved and controlled tools PR.MA-2: Remote maintenance of organizational assets is approved, logged, and performed in			3.18	29
PR.IP-4: Backups of information are conducted, maintained, and tested PR.IP-6: Data is destroyed according to policy PR.IP-7: Protection processes are improved PR.IP-9: Response plans (Incident Response and Business Continuity) and recovery plans (Incident Recovery) are in place and managed PR.IP-10: Response and recovery plans are tested PR.IP-11: Cybersecurity is included in human resources practices (e.g., deprovisioning, personnel screening) Maintenance/Change Management (PR.MA) Maintenance and repair of organizational assets are performed and logged, with approved and controlled tools PR.MA-2: Remote maintenance of organizational assets is approved, logged, and performed in	Processes and Procedures (PR.IP)			
Backups of information are conducted, maintained, and tested PR.IP-6: Data is destroyed according to policy PR.IP-7: Protection processes are improved PR.IP-9: Response plans (Incident Response and Business Continuity) and recovery plans (Incident Recovery plans que prepared pare plane and managed pr. IP-10: Response and recovery plans are tested PR.IP-11: Cybersecurity is included in human resources practices (e.g., deprovisioning, personnel screening) Maintenance/Change Management (PR.MA) Maintenance and repair of organizational assets are performed and logged, with approved and controlled tools PR.MA-2: Remote maintenance of organizational assets is approved, logged, and performed in		systems is implemented		
Backups of information are conducted, maintained, and tested PR.IP-6: Data is destroyed according to policy PR.IP-7: Protection processes are improved PR.IP-9: Response plans (Incident Response and Business Continuity) and recovery plans (Incident Recovery plans que prepared pare plane and managed pr. IP-10: Response and recovery plans are tested PR.IP-11: Cybersecurity is included in human resources practices (e.g., deprovisioning, personnel screening) Maintenance/Change Management (PR.MA) Maintenance and repair of organizational assets are performed and logged, with approved and controlled tools PR.MA-2: Remote maintenance of organizational assets is approved, logged, and performed in				
Backups of information are conducted, maintained, and tested PR.IP-6: Data is destroyed according to policy PR.IP-7: Protection processes are improved PR.IP-9: Response plans (Incident Response and Business Continuity) and recovery plans (Incident Recovery plans que prepared pare plane and managed pr. IP-10: Response and recovery plans are tested PR.IP-11: Cybersecurity is included in human resources practices (e.g., deprovisioning, personnel screening) Maintenance/Change Management (PR.MA) Maintenance and repair of organizational assets are performed and logged, with approved and controlled tools PR.MA-2: Remote maintenance of organizational assets is approved, logged, and performed in		DD ID 4:	2.4	1.1
PR.IP-6: Data is destroyed according to policy PR.IP-7: Protection processes are improved PR.IP-9: Response plans (Incident Response and Business Continuity) and recovery plans (Incident Recovery are in place and managed PR.IP-10: Response and recovery plans are tested PR.IP-11: Cybersecurity is included in human resources practices (e.g., deprovisioning, personnel screening) Maintenance/Change Management (PR.MA) Maintenance and repair of organizational assets are performed and logged, with approved and controlled tools PR.MA-2: Remote maintenance of organizational assets is approved, logged, and performed in			3.1	14
PR.IP-6: Data is destroyed according to policy PR.IP-7: Protection processes are improved PR.IP-9: Response plans (Incident Response and Business Continuity) and recovery plans (Incident Recovery and Disaster Recovery) are in place and managed PR.IP-10: Response and recovery plans are tested PR.IP-11: Cybersecurity is included in human resources practices (e.g., deprovisioning, personnel screening) PR.IP-11: Cybersecurity is included in human resources practices (e.g., deprovisioning, personnel screening) PR.IP-10: Remote maintenance and repair of organizational assets are performed and logged, with approved and controlled tools PR.MA-2: Remote maintenance of organizational assets is approved, logged, and performed in				
Data is destroyed according to policy Corporate Data Retention Policy PR.IP-7: Protection processes are improved PR.IP-9: Response plans (Incident Response and Business Continuity) and recovery plans (Incident Recovery and Disaster Recovery) are in place and managed PR.IP-10: Response and recovery plans are tested PR.IP-11: Cybersecurity is included in human resources practices (e.g., deprovisioning, personnel screening) Maintenance/Change Management (PR.MA) PR.MA-1: Maintenance and repair of organizational assets are performed and logged, with approved and controlled tools PR.MA-2: Remote maintenance of organizational assets is approved, logged, and performed in		maintained, and tested		
Data is destroyed according to policy Corporate Data Retention Policy PR.IP-7: Protection processes are improved PR.IP-9: Response plans (Incident Response and Business Continuity) and recovery plans (Incident Recovery and Disaster Recovery) are in place and managed PR.IP-10: Response and recovery plans are tested PR.IP-11: Cybersecurity is included in human resources practices (e.g., deprovisioning, personnel screening) Maintenance/Change Management (PR.MA) PR.MA-1: Maintenance and repair of organizational assets are performed and logged, with approved and controlled tools PR.MA-2: Remote maintenance of organizational assets is approved, logged, and performed in				
Data is destroyed according to policy Corporate Data Retention Policy PR.IP-7: Protection processes are improved PR.IP-9: Response plans (Incident Response and Business Continuity) and recovery plans (Incident Recovery and Disaster Recovery) are in place and managed PR.IP-10: Response and recovery plans are tested PR.IP-11: Cybersecurity is included in human resources practices (e.g., deprovisioning, personnel screening) Maintenance/Change Management (PR.MA) PR.MA-1: Maintenance and repair of organizational assets are performed and logged, with approved and controlled tools PR.MA-2: Remote maintenance of organizational assets is approved, logged, and performed in		PR.IP-6:	Refer to the	n/a
PR.IP-7: Protection processes are improved PR.IP-9: Response plans (Incident Response and Business Continuity) and recovery plans (Incident Recovery and Disaster Recovery) are in place and managed PR.IP-10: Response and recovery plans are tested PR.IP-11: Cybersecurity is included in human resources practices (e.g., deprovisioning, personnel screening) Maintenance/Change Management (PR.MA) Maintenance and repair of organizational assets are performed and logged, with approved and controlled tools PR.MA-2: Remote maintenance of organizational assets is approved, logged, and performed in		- '		
PR.IP-7: Protection processes are improved PR.IP-9: Response plans (Incident Response and Business Continuity) and recovery plans (Incident Recovery and Disaster Recovery) are in place and managed PR.IP-10: Response and recovery plans are tested PR.IP-11: Cybersecurity is included in human resources practices (e.g., deprovisioning, personnel screening) Maintenance/Change Management (PR.MA) PR.MA-1: Maintenance and repair of organizational assets are performed and logged, with approved and controlled tools PR.MA-2: Remote maintenance of organizational assets is approved, logged, and performed in			·	
PR.IP-7: Protection processes are improved PR.IP-9: Response plans (Incident Response and Business Continuity) and recovery plans (Incident Recovery and Disaster Recovery) are in place and managed PR.IP-10: Response and recovery plans are tested PR.IP-11: Cybersecurity is included in human resources practices (e.g., deprovisioning, personnel screening) PR.MA-1: Maintenance and repair of organizational assets are performed and logged, with approved and controlled tools PR.MA-2: Remote maintenance of organizational assets is approved, logged, and performed in			Retention	
PR.IP-9: Response plans (Incident Response and Business Continuity) and recovery plans (Incident Recovery and Disaster Recovery) are in place and managed PR.IP-10: Response and recovery plans are tested PR.IP-11: Cybersecurity is included in human resources practices (e.g., deprovisioning, personnel screening) Maintenance/Change Management (PR.MA) Response and repair of organizational assets are performed and logged, with approved and controlled tools PR.MA-2: Remote maintenance of organizational assets is approved, logged, and performed in				
PR.IP-9: Response plans (Incident Response and Business Continuity) and recovery plans (Incident Recovery and Disaster Recovery) are in place and managed PR.IP-10: Response and recovery plans are tested PR.IP-11: Cybersecurity is included in human resources practices (e.g., deprovisioning, personnel screening) Maintenance/Change Management (PR.MA) PR.MA-1: Maintenance and repair of organizational assets are performed and logged, with approved and controlled tools PR.MA-2: Remote maintenance of organizational assets is approved, logged, and performed in			3.8	20
Response plans (Incident Response and Business Continuity) and recovery plans (Incident Recovery and Disaster Recovery) are in place and managed PR.IP-10: Response and recovery plans are tested PR.IP-11: Cybersecurity is included in human resources practices (e.g., deprovisioning, personnel screening) Maintenance/Change Management (PR.MA) PR.MA-1: Maintenance and repair of organizational assets are performed and logged, with approved and controlled tools PR.MA-2: Remote maintenance of organizational assets is approved, logged, and performed in		Protection processes are improved		
Response plans (Incident Response and Business Continuity) and recovery plans (Incident Recovery and Disaster Recovery) are in place and managed PR.IP-10: Response and recovery plans are tested PR.IP-11: Cybersecurity is included in human resources practices (e.g., deprovisioning, personnel screening) Maintenance/Change Management (PR.MA) PR.MA-1: Maintenance and repair of organizational assets are performed and logged, with approved and controlled tools PR.MA-2: Remote maintenance of organizational assets is approved, logged, and performed in				
Response plans (Incident Response and Business Continuity) and recovery plans (Incident Recovery and Disaster Recovery) are in place and managed PR.IP-10: Response and recovery plans are tested PR.IP-11: Cybersecurity is included in human resources practices (e.g., deprovisioning, personnel screening) Maintenance/Change Management (PR.MA) PR.MA-1: Maintenance and repair of organizational assets are performed and logged, with approved and controlled tools PR.MA-2: Remote maintenance of organizational assets is approved, logged, and performed in				
Response plans (Incident Response and Business Continuity) and recovery plans (Incident Recovery and Disaster Recovery) are in place and managed PR.IP-10: Response and recovery plans are tested PR.IP-11: Cybersecurity is included in human resources practices (e.g., deprovisioning, personnel screening) Maintenance/Change Management (PR.MA) Response and recovery plans are tested PR.IP-11: Cybersecurity is included in human resources practices (e.g., deprovisioning, personnel screening) Remote maintenance and repair of organizational assets are performed and logged, with approved and controlled tools PR.MA-2: Remote maintenance of organizational assets is approved, logged, and performed in		PD ID O	2.0	40
Business Continuity) and recovery plans (Incident Recovery and Disaster Recovery) are in place and managed PR.IP-10: Response and recovery plans are tested PR.IP-11: Cybersecurity is included in human resources practices (e.g., deprovisioning, personnel screening) Maintenance/Change Management (PR.MA) PR.MA-1: Maintenance and repair of organizational assets are performed and logged, with approved and controlled tools PR.MA-2: Remote maintenance of organizational assets is approved, logged, and performed in			3.6	18
(Incident Recovery and Disaster Recovery) are in place and managed PR.IP-10: Response and recovery plans are tested PR.IP-11: Cybersecurity is included in human resources practices (e.g., deprovisioning, personnel screening) Maintenance/Change Management (PR.MA) PR.MA-1: Maintenance and repair of organizational assets are performed and logged, with approved and controlled tools PR.MA-2: Remote maintenance of organizational assets is approved, logged, and performed in				
PR.IP-10: Response and recovery plans are tested PR.IP-11: Cybersecurity is included in human resources practices (e.g., deprovisioning, personnel screening) PR.MA-1: Maintenance/Change Management (PR.MA) PR.MA-2: Remote maintenance of organizational assets is approved, logged, and performed in				
PR.IP-10: Response and recovery plans are tested PR.IP-11: Cybersecurity is included in human resources practices (e.g., deprovisioning, personnel screening) Maintenance/Change Management (PR.MA) PR.MA-1: Maintenance and repair of organizational assets are performed and logged, with approved and controlled tools PR.MA-2: Remote maintenance of organizational assets is approved, logged, and performed in				
PR.IP-11: Cybersecurity is included in human resources practices (e.g., deprovisioning, personnel screening) Maintenance/Change Management (PR.MA) PR.MA-1: Maintenance and repair of organizational assets are performed and logged, with approved and controlled tools PR.MA-2: Remote maintenance of organizational assets is approved, logged, and performed in			3.6	18
PR.IP-11: Cybersecurity is included in human resources practices (e.g., deprovisioning, personnel screening) Maintenance/Change Management (PR.MA) PR.MA-1: Maintenance and repair of organizational assets are performed and logged, with approved and controlled tools PR.MA-2: Remote maintenance of organizational assets is approved, logged, and performed in				
Cybersecurity is included in human resources practices (e.g., deprovisioning, personnel screening) Maintenance/Change Management (PR.MA) PR.MA-1: Maintenance and repair of organizational assets are performed and logged, with approved and controlled tools PR.MA-2: Remote maintenance of organizational assets is approved, logged, and performed in				
Cybersecurity is included in human resources practices (e.g., deprovisioning, personnel screening) Maintenance/Change Management (PR.MA) PR.MA-1: Maintenance and repair of organizational assets are performed and logged, with approved and controlled tools PR.MA-2: Remote maintenance of organizational assets is approved, logged, and performed in				
Cybersecurity is included in human resources practices (e.g., deprovisioning, personnel screening) Maintenance/Change Management (PR.MA) PR.MA-1: Maintenance and repair of organizational assets are performed and logged, with approved and controlled tools PR.MA-2: Remote maintenance of organizational assets is approved, logged, and performed in				
practices (e.g., deprovisioning, personnel screening) Maintenance/Change Management (PR.MA) PR.MA-1: Maintenance and repair of organizational assets are performed and logged, with approved and controlled tools PR.MA-2: Remote maintenance of organizational assets is approved, logged, and performed in			3.12	23
Maintenance/Change Management (PR.MA) PR.MA-1: Maintenance and repair of organizational assets are performed and logged, with approved and controlled tools PR.MA-2: Remote maintenance of organizational assets is approved, logged, and performed in				
Maintenance/Change Management (PR.MA) PR.MA-1: Maintenance and repair of organizational assets are performed and logged, with approved and controlled tools PR.MA-2: Remote maintenance of organizational assets is approved, logged, and performed in				
Maintenance and repair of organizational assets are performed and logged, with approved and controlled tools PR.MA-2: Remote maintenance of organizational assets is approved, logged, and performed in		screening)		
Maintenance and repair of organizational assets are performed and logged, with approved and controlled tools PR.MA-2: Remote maintenance of organizational assets is approved, logged, and performed in	Maintanana (Changa Managawant	DD MA_1:	20	20
assets are performed and logged, with approved and controlled tools PR.MA-2: Remote maintenance of organizational assets is approved, logged, and performed in			ა.ი	20
approved and controlled tools PR.MA-2: Remote maintenance of organizational assets is approved, logged, and performed in	(FIX.IVIA)			
PR.MA-2: 3.8 20 Remote maintenance of organizational assets is approved, logged, and performed in				
Remote maintenance of organizational assets is approved, logged, and performed in		approved and controlled tools		
Remote maintenance of organizational assets is approved, logged, and performed in		PR.MA-2:	3.8	20
assets is approved, logged, and performed in				_•

	5 , ,	PR.PT-1: Audit/log records are determined, documented, implemented, and reviewed in accordance with policy	3.5	15
		PR.PT-2: Removable media is protected, and its use restricted according to policy	3.11	21
		PR.PT-4: Communications and control networks are protected	3.4	14
		PR.PT-5: Mechanisms (e.g., failsafe, load balancing, hot swap) are implemented to achieve resilience requirements in normal and adverse situations	3.4	14
DETECT (DE)	Anomalous activity is detected, and	DE.AE-2: Detected events are analyzed to understand attack targets and methods	3.5	17
		DE.AE-3: Event data are collected and correlated from multiple sources and sensors	3.5	17
		DE.AE-4: Impact of events is determined	3.5	17
		DE.AE-5: Incident alert thresholds are established	3.5	17
	(DE.CM):	DE.CM-1: The network is monitored to detect potential cybersecurity events	3.5	17

		DE.CM-2: The physical environment is monitored to detect potential cybersecurity events	3.5	17
		DE.CM-4: Malicious code is detected	3.19	30
		DE.CM-6: External service provider activity is monitored to detect potential cybersecurity events	3.5	17
		DE.CM-7: Monitoring for unauthorized personnel, connections, devices, and software is performed	3.5	17
		DE.CM-8: Vulnerability scans are performed	3.7	19
	Detection Processes (DE.DP): Detection processes and procedures are maintained and tested to ensure awareness of	DE.DP-1: Roles and responsibilities for detection are well defined to ensure accountability	3.6	18
		DE.DP-2: Detection activities comply with all applicable requirements	3.5	17
		DE.DP-3: Detection processes are tested	3.7	19
		DE.DP-4: Event detection information is communicated	3.5 3.6	17 18
		DE.DP-5: Detection processes are continuously improved	3.7	19
RESPONSD (RE)	Response Planning (RS.RP): Response processes and procedures are executed and maintained, to ensure response to	RS.RP-1: Response plan is executed during or after an incident	3.6	18

Communications (RS.CO): Response activities are coordinated with internal and external stakeholders (e.g. externa	RS.CO-1: Personnel know their roles and order of operations when a response is needed	3.6	18
	RS.CO-2: Incidents are reported consistent with established criteria	3.6	18
	RS.CO-3: Information is shared consistent with response plans	3.6	18
	RS.CO-4: Coordination with stakeholders occurs consistent with response plans	3.6	18
Analysis (RS.AN): Analysis is conducted to ensure effective response and support recovery activities.	RS.AN-1: Notifications from detection systems are investigated	3.5 3.6	17 18
	RS.AN-2: The impact of the incident is understood	3.6	18
	RS.AN-3: Forensics are performed	3.6	18
	RS.AN-4: Incidents are categorized consistent with response plans	3.6	18
	RS.AN-5: Processes are established to receive, analyze and respond to vulnerabilities disclosed to the organization from internal and external sources (e.g. internal testing, security bulletins, or security researchers)	3.7 3.5 3.6	19 17 18
Mitigation (RS.MI): Activities are performed to preverexpansion of an event, mitigate in effects, and resolve the incident.		3.6	18

		RS.MI-2:	3.6	18
		Incidents are mitigated		
		RS.MI-3:	3.7	19
		Newly identified vulnerabilities are mitigated or documented as accepted risks		
		or documented as accepted fisks		
	Improvements (RS.IM):	RS.IM-1:	3.6	18
	Organizational response activities are improved by incorporating	Response plans incorporate lessons learned		
	lessons learned from current and			
		RS.IM-2:	3.6	18
		Response strategies are updated		
RECOVERY (RC)	J J /	RC.RP-1:	3.1	14
	are executed and maintained to	Recovery plan is executed during or after a cybersecurity incident	3.6	18
	ensure restoration of systems or	cybersecurity induction		
	assets affected by cybersecurity			
	incidents.			
		RC.IM-1:	3.1	14
		Recovery plans incorporate lessons learned	0.1	14
		RC.IM-2:	3.1	14
		Recovery strategies are updated	0	
	Communications (RC.CO):	RC.CO-3:	3.1	14
		Recovery activities are communicated to	3.6	18
	with internal and external parties (e.g.	internal and external stakeholders as well as		
	coordinating contents, internet service	executive and management teams		
	Providers, owners of attacking systems, victims, other CSIRTs, and vendors).			
	victinis, other Csixis, and vendors).			